

**THOMPSON CROSSING
METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
Larimer County, Colorado**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
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YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

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Dazzio & Associates, PC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6
Larimer County, Colorado

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6 as of and for the year December 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6, as of December 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information and the Other Information, as listed on the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Other Information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Daggio & Associates, P.C.

July 22, 2021

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 329,199
Receivable - County Treasurer	2,165
Property Taxes Receivable	384,398
Total Assets	715,762
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Cost of Refunding	140,107
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	140,107
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	20,000
Due to Thompson Crossing No. 3	11,888
Accrued Interest Payable	14,488
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	60,000
Due in More Than One Year	4,074,176
Total Liabilities	4,180,552
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	384,398
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	384,398
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted	(3,709,081)
Total Net Position	\$ (3,709,081)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

		Program Revenues			Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government:					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 117,210	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (117,210)
Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	493,035	-	-	587,543	94,508
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 610,245	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 587,543	(22,702)
 GENERAL REVENUES					
Property Taxes					371,228
Specific Ownership Taxes					26,647
Net Investment Income					3,439
Total General Revenues					401,314
 CHANGE IN NET POSITION					
					378,612
Net Position - Beginning of Year					(4,087,693)
 NET POSITION - END OF YEAR					
					\$ (3,709,081)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
BALANCE SHEET –
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS			
Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ -	\$ 329,199	\$ 329,199
Receivable - County Treasurer	638	1,527	2,165
Property Taxes Receivable	158,124	226,274	384,398
Total Assets	\$ 158,762	\$ 557,000	\$ 715,762
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES			
LIABILITIES			
Due to Thompson Crossing No. 3	\$ 638	\$ 11,250	\$ 11,888
Accounts Payable	-	20,000	20,000
Total Liabilities	638	31,250	31,888
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Property Tax Revenue	158,124	226,274	384,398
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	158,124	226,274	384,398
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted for:			
Debt Service	-	299,476	299,476
Total Fund Balances	-	299,476	299,476
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 158,762	\$ 557,000	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Bonds Payable	(3,835,000)
Bond Premium	(299,176)
Cost of Refunding	140,107
Accrued Interest Payable on Bonds	(14,488)

Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ (3,709,081)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES –
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	General	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 109,351	\$ 261,877	\$ 371,228
Specific Ownership Tax	7,850	18,797	26,647
Development Fees	-	51,992	51,992
Net Investment Income	9	3,430	3,439
Total Revenues	<u>117,210</u>	<u>336,096</u>	<u>453,306</u>
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fee	2,187	5,238	7,425
Transfer to District No. 3 - Operations	115,023	-	115,023
Debt Service:			
Bond Interest	-	98,173	98,173
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	-	8,000	8,000
Bond Issue Costs	-	214,150	214,150
Repay Developer Advance	-	472,864	472,864
Total Expenditures	<u>117,210</u>	<u>798,425</u>	<u>915,635</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	-	(462,329)	(462,329)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Bond Proceeds	-	3,835,000	3,835,000
Bond Premium	-	300,395	300,395
Refunding Escrow Payment	-	(3,932,306)	(3,932,306)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>203,089</u>	<u>203,089</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	(259,240)	(259,240)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>558,716</u>	<u>558,716</u>
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 299,476</u>	<u>\$ 299,476</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ (259,240)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

Bond Issuance	(3,835,000)
Bond Premium	(300,395)
Refunding Principal Payment	3,654,000
Repayment of Developer Advance	472,864
Forgiveness of Debt	535,551

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Cost of Refunding	140,678
Amortization of Cost of Refunding	(571)
Amortization of Bond Premium	1,219
Amortization of Bond Discount	(31,958)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance - Change in Liability	(22,262)
Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable - Change in Liability	23,726
	23,726

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 378,612

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
GENERAL FUND –
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
Property Taxes	\$ 109,512	\$ 109,351	\$ (161)
Specific Ownership Tax	6,571	7,850	1,279
Other Income	2,817	-	(2,817)
Net Investment Income	100	9	(91)
Total Revenues	<u>119,000</u>	<u>117,210</u>	<u>(1,790)</u>
EXPENDITURES			
County Treasurer's Fee	2,190	2,187	3
Contingency	2,817	-	2,817
Transfer to District No. 3 - Operations	113,993	115,023	(1,030)
Total Expenditures	<u>119,000</u>	<u>117,210</u>	<u>1,790</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 6 (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court for Larimer County on November 9, 2005 and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District was established to provide for the construction, installation, financing, and operation of public improvements, including streets, traffic safety controls, water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage, television relay and translator, transportation, park and recreation facilities, and mosquito control within the District.

Under the Modified Consolidated Service Plan dated August 20, 2001, as modified on October 3, 2005, the District was organized in conjunction with five other related districts, Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 1 (Control District), Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 2 (Commercial District), Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3 (Operating District), Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4 (Financing District), and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 5 (Financing District) (collectively, the Districts). The District serves as a financing district for Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3. The District's service area is located entirely within the Town of Johnstown (Town), Larimer County, Colorado.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including the Town and the other Districts.

The District has no employees and contracts for all of its management and professional services.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, specific ownership taxes, and Development Fees. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred, or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2020.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash and investments.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Amortization

Original Issue Premium and Discount

In the government-wide financial statements, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Amortization (Continued)

Cost of Bond Refunding

In the government-wide financial, the deferred cost of bond refunding is being amortized using the interest method over the life of the new bonds. The amortization amount is a component of interest expense and the unamortized deferred cost is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, cost of refunding, is deferred and recognized as an outflow of resources in the period that the amounts are incurred.

Development Fees

Development Fees are charged against properties within the District. The Development Fee is due at the time of issuance of a building permit. All fees collected after July 7, 2015, were pledged to the payment of principal and interest on the Series 2015A bonds. Development Fees are imposed at the rate of \$1,733.07 per single-family lot. The Development Fee resolution was repealed in connection with the issuance of the 2020 Bonds.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

District Fees

The District and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4 adopted a maintenance fee in the amount of \$85 per month per lot to maintain common areas within the boundaries of the Thompson River Ranch Filing No. 9, which is paid to Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3 to fund the applicable portion of the cost of the Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3's maintenance activities related thereto.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments - Restricted	\$ 329,199
Total Cash and Investments	<u>\$ 329,199</u>

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2020, consist of the following:

Investments	<u>\$ 329,199</u>
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Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2020, the District did not have any cash deposits since the local government investment pool described below provides payment services.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk, and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2020, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE)	Weighted-Average Under 60 Days	\$ 329,199

CSAFE

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds, and highest rated commercial paper. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE is rated AAAM by Standard & Poor's. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE at net asset value as determined by amortized cost. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2020:

	Balance - December 31, 2019	Additions	Reductions	Balance - December 31, 2020	Due Within One Year
Government Activities:					
General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds - Series 2020	\$ -	\$ 3,835,000	\$ -	\$ 3,835,000	\$ 60,000
General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds - Series 2015A	2,870,000	-	2,870,000	-	-
Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds - Series 2015B					
Principal	784,000	-	784,000	-	-
Accrued Interest	23,864	51,629	75,493	-	-
Original Issue Discount	(31,958)	-	(31,958)	-	-
Bond Premium	-	300,395	1,219	299,176	-
Developer Advance Payable - Capital	873,760	-	873,760	-	-
Accrued Interest - Developer Advance Payable - Capital	112,393	22,263	134,656	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 4,632,059</u>	<u>\$ 4,209,287</u>	<u>\$ 4,707,170</u>	<u>\$ 4,134,176</u>	<u>\$ 60,000</u>

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

**\$2,900,000 General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds,
Series 2015A, dated September 17, 2015**

The Senior Bonds with interest of 6.00%, payable semi-annually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2015. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2018. The Bonds mature on December 1, 2044, and are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2020, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 1, 2020, to November 30, 2021	3.00%
December 1, 2021, to November 30, 2022	2.00%
December 1, 2022, to November 30, 2023	1.00%
December 1, 2023, and thereafter	0.00%

The proceeds from the sale of the Senior and Subordinate Bonds were used for the purposes of: (i) paying or reimbursing the costs of capital infrastructure improvements; (ii) providing capitalized interest for the Senior Bonds; (iii) funding a Reserve Fund securing the Senior Bonds; and; (iv) paying costs of issuance of the Senior and Subordinate Bonds.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$2,900,000 General Obligation Limited Tax (Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Bonds, Series 2015A, dated September 17, 2015 (Continued)

The Senior Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Senior Pledged Revenue, consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collections: (i) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (ii) the Development Fees collected on or after July 7, 2015; (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; and (iv) any other legally available monies of the District which the District deposits with the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

The Senior Indenture requires that a Senior Required Mill Levy be imposed in an amount sufficient to pay the principal of and interest on the Senior Bonds, but not in excess of 50 mills (subject to adjustment as described below) and for so long as the Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$290,000, not less than 50 mills (as adjusted). Such maximum and minimum mill levies are subject to adjustment for changes occurring in the method of calculating assessed valuation since August 20, 2001. Once the ratio derived by dividing the District's currently outstanding general obligation debt by the assessed valuation of all taxable property of the District is equal to or less than 50%, the Senior Required Mill Levy is no longer subject to such limitations and is required to be imposed at a level sufficient to pay the Senior Bonds when due, without limitation of rate. For collection year 2020, the adjusted maximum mill levy is 63.541 mills. For collection year 2020, the District levied 44.144 mills for the Senior Bonds.

On November 6, 2020, the District paid in full the outstanding principal of \$2,870,000 on the Senior Bonds from proceeds of the 2020 Bonds.

\$784,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2015B, dated September 17, 2015

The Subordinate Bonds with interest of 7.75%, payable annually from Subordinate Pledged Revenue on December 15, beginning on December 15, 2015. The Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal prior to the final maturity date. Unpaid interest on the Subordinate Bonds compounds annually on each December 15. The Subordinate Bonds are also subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 15, 2020, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium of a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

<u>Date of Redemption</u>	<u>Redemption Premium</u>
December 15, 2020, to December 14, 2021	3.00%
December 15, 2021, to December 14, 2022	2.00%
December 15, 2022, to December 14, 2023	1.00%
December 15, 2023, and thereafter	0.00%

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$784,000 Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2015B, dated September 17, 2015 (Continued)

The Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable solely from Subordinate Pledged Revenue, consisting of monies derived by the District from the following sources, net of any costs of collections: (i) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (ii) the Subordinate Development Fee Revenue (meaning Development Fees, if any, remaining after deduction of any amount thereof used, paid, pledged or otherwise applied to the payment of the Senior Bonds); (iii) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; and (iv) any other legally available monies of the District which the District deposits with the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue. Also included as Subordinate Pledged Revenue are any amounts in the Surplus Fund upon the termination of the Surplus Fund.

The Subordinate Indenture requires that a Subordinate Required Mill Levy be imposed in an amount equal to 50 mills (subject to adjustment as described above, and, as adjusted, presently 63.541 mills) less the amount of the Senior Bond Mill Levy, presently comprised of only the Senior Required Mill Levy. For collection year 2020, the District levied 19.841 mills for the Subordinate Bonds.

On November 6, 2020, the District paid in full the outstanding principal of \$784,000 on the Subordinate Bonds from proceeds of the 2020 Bonds.

\$3,835,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020

On November 6, 2020, the District issued \$3,835,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020 (the 2020 Bonds). The proceeds from the 2020 Bonds were used to (a) reimburse certain costs of Public Improvements, (b) refund the 2015A Senior Bonds in the principal amount of \$2,870,000 which had an interest rate of 6.00% and the 2015B Subordinate Bonds in the principal amount of \$784,000 and had an interest rate of 7.75% (together, the Refunded Bonds), (c) fund the Reserve Fund, and (d) pay the costs of issuing the 2020 Bonds and refunding the Refunded Bonds. The average interest rate on the 2020 Bonds is 4.34%.

The net proceeds of the 2020 Bonds of \$3,187,837, after funding the Required Reserve Fund, the Project Fund, the 2020 Bond Fund and costs of issuance, along with available District funds of \$744,469 were deposited into an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of the refunded bonds. The 2015A and 2015B Bonds were redeemed on December 1, 2020, and December 15, 2020, respectively, at a redemption price equal to 103.00% of par.

The refunding will reduce the District's total debt service payments by approximately \$110,600 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service on the Refunded Bonds and the 2020 Bonds) of approximately \$371,083.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$3,835,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020 (Continued)

The 2020 Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%, payable semi-annually to the extent of Pledged Revenue available on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2020. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2021. The 2020 Bonds mature on December 1, 2044.

In the event principal on the Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding and continue to bear interest at the rate then borne by the Bonds. To the extent interest on the Bonds is not paid when due, such unpaid interest will compound semiannually on each June 1 and December 1, at the interest rate borne by the Bonds.

Optional Redemption

The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on December 1, 2030, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par and accrued interest, without redemption premium.

Pledged Revenue

The Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Pledged Revenue, generally consisting of moneys derived from:

- (a) the Required Mill Levy;
- (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of the imposition of the Required Mill Levy; and
- (c) any other legally available moneys that the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Pledged Revenue.

Required Mill Levy

Prior to the time that the District's Debt to Assessed Value Ratio is 50% or less (the Conversion Date), the Required Mill Levy is an ad valorem mill levy imposed upon all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the Bonds as they become due and, if necessary, to replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, but not in excess of 50 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation after August 20, 2001). The Required Mill Levy is net of the collection costs of the County and any tax refunds or abatements authorized by or on behalf of the County. The current maximum mill levy, as adjusted, is 63.985.

On and after the Conversion Date, the Required Mill Levy shall be unlimited and imposed in such amount as is necessary to pay the Bond Requirements as they come due and to replenish the Reserve Fund to the amount of the Required Reserve, if necessary.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$3,835,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020 (Continued)

Debt to Assessed Ratio

The Debt to Assessed Ratio is derived by dividing the sum of the then-outstanding principal amount of all general obligation debt of the District by the assessed valuation of the taxable property of the District.

Reserve Fund

The Bonds are further secured by the Reserve Fund in the Required Reserve Amount of \$298,750. The Reserve Fund is to be maintained in the amount of the Required Reserve for so long as the Bonds are outstanding.

The District's long-term obligations, excluding the Subordinate Bonds which payments cannot be determined with certainty, will mature as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2021	\$ 60,000	\$ 173,850	\$ 233,850
2022	75,000	172,050	247,050
2023	75,000	169,800	244,800
2024	85,000	167,550	252,550
2025	85,000	165,000	250,000
2025-2029	515,000	782,850	1,297,850
2030-2034	690,000	670,500	1,360,500
2035-2039	950,000	473,250	1,423,250
2040-2044	1,300,000	189,000	1,489,000
Total	<u>\$ 3,835,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,963,850</u>	<u>\$ 6,798,850</u>

Authorized Debt

On November 1, 2005, District voters approved debt authorization in the amount of \$520,000,000 for the construction of capital improvements, with an additional \$65,000,000 for refunding debt. The voters also authorized debt of \$65,000,000 for the cost of operating and maintaining the District's systems.

The Modified Consolidated Service Plan dated October 3, 2005, limits the total principal amount of obligations that the Districts may have outstanding in aggregate at any one time to \$65,000,000, provided that in the case where obligations of the Financing Districts are supporting revenue bonds of the Control District, the Control District revenue bonds shall not be counted. At December 31, 2020, the total outstanding principal obligations of the Districts were \$55,560,000, which includes \$20,455,000 of debt in Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 2 and \$31,270,000 in Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

\$3,835,000 General Obligation (Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax) Refunding and Improvement Bonds, Series 2020 (Continued)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

The District had authorized but unissued debt at December 31, 2020, for the following detailed purposes:

	Authorized November 1, 2005 Election	Authorization Used Series 2015A	Authorization Used Series 2015B	Authorization Used Series 2020	Remaining at December 31, 2020
Water	\$ 65,000,000	\$ 519,400	\$ 140,400	\$ 73,519	\$ 64,266,681
Sanitary/Storm Sewer	65,000,000	1,188,700	321,350	168,272	63,321,678
Streets	65,000,000	1,059,650	286,500	150,023	63,503,827
Parks and Recreation	65,000,000	132,250	35,750	18,721	64,813,279
Traffic and Safety	65,000,000	-	-	-	65,000,000
Operations/Maintenance	65,000,000	-	-	-	65,000,000
Debt Refunding	65,000,000	-	-	-	65,000,000
Television Relay	65,000,000	-	-	-	65,000,000
Public Transportation	65,000,000	-	-	-	65,000,000
Mosquito Control	65,000,000	-	-	-	65,000,000
Total	<u>\$ 650,000,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,900,000</u>	<u>\$ 784,000</u>	<u>\$ 410,535</u>	<u>\$ 645,905,465</u>

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of one component - unrestricted.

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit amount is a result of the District being responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for public improvements which were conveyed to other governmental entities and which costs were removed from the District's financial records.

NOTE 6 RELATED PARTIES

Some of the members of the Board of Directors during 2020 were employees of, or consultants to, Clayton Properties Group II, Inc., a Colorado corporation doing business as Oakwood Homes and the major landowner, developer, and home builder of the property within Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District Nos. 3, 4, 5, and 6.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS

District Facilities Construction and Service Intergovernmental Agreement

On June 29, 2006, Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 3 (Operating District) entered into an agreement with Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 4 and Thompson Crossing Metropolitan District No. 5 (Financing Districts). The agreement was amended and restated on May 21, 2008, to include the District as a Financing District. Under the Amended Agreement, the Operating District will, on behalf of the Financing Districts, contract for and supervise the construction and acquisition of District facilities. The Operating District shall own all the facilities and shall be responsible for the operation and maintenance of all facilities.

The District facilities are to be financed from the proceeds of general obligation indebtedness to be issued by the Financing Districts. The Financing Districts shall provide for the payment of the capital and service costs or, at the option of any Financing District, may make annual payments to an escrow account for capital costs and to a service fund account for service costs. The amount of payment due under the annual payment option shall not be less than the amounts set forth in the final budget for the budget year, as prepared by the Operating District and approved by the Financing Districts. Once payments have been made to the Operating District, the Operating District shall have sole authority to withdraw monies from the accounts but shall account to the Financing Districts for funds withdrawn and payments made.

The financial obligations of the Financing Districts under this Amended Agreement are general obligations of the Financing Districts and shall be payable from ad valorem taxes generated as a result of the certification by the Financing Districts of a mill levy, except as they may actually be paid from other revenues. The Boards of the Financing Districts shall annually determine, fix, and certify a rate of levy for ad valorem taxes which, when added to other funds of the Financing Districts, will be sufficient to promptly and fully pay the amounts to be paid under this agreement, as well as all other general obligation indebtedness of the Financing Districts, as the same become due.

During 2020, the District transferred \$115,023 of service costs to the Operating District under this agreement.

Advance and Reimbursement and Facilities Acquisition Agreement

The District entered into an Advance and Reimbursement and Facilities Acquisition Agreement (the Agreement) with Oakwood Homes LLC, (the Developer) on July 7, 2015. The Agreement was assigned to Clayton Properties Group, LLC (Clayton) pursuant to a Bill of Sale and Assignment and Assumption Agreement between inter alia Oakwood Homes and Clayton dated July 3, 2017. The District and Clayton entered into a First Amendment to the Agreement on November 13, 2017, concerning and recognizing the advances made by Clayton, or its predecessors, the reimbursement of the advances by the District, and providing for a current accounting of the amounts owed at the time.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 7 DISTRICT AGREEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Advance and Reimbursement and Facilities Acquisition Agreement (Continued)

Pursuant to the Agreement, the Developer will provide advances to the District for capital construction of certain public improvements. The District will reimburse the Developer for the advances, together with interest at the rate of 3% per annum.

The District will make payment for the advances, subject to annual appropriation and budget approval, from funds available within any fiscal year and not otherwise required for operations, capital improvements, and debt service costs and expenses of the District. Payments by the District are applied first to interest on, then to principal of the advances.

During 2020, no funds were advanced to the District. As part of the Series 2020 Bond issuance, the Developer agreed to a cash repayment of \$472,864 and to forgive the remaining outstanding balance of \$535,551. As of December 31, 2020, outstanding Developer advances totaled \$0-

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials', crime, and workers compensation liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2020

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District transfers all of its General Fund revenue to the Operating District. Therefore, no Emergency Reserve has been provided for by the District. The Emergency Reserve related to the District's revenue stream is captured in the Operating District.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

On November 1, 2005, the District voters passed an election question to increase property taxes \$5,000,000 annually, without limitation of rate, to pay the District's operations, maintenance, and other expenses. Additionally, the District's electors authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue annually, other than ad valorem taxes, without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
DEBT SERVICE FUND –
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE –
BUDGET AND ACTUAL
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES				
Property Taxes	\$ 262,262	\$ 262,262	\$ 261,877	\$ (385)
Specific Ownership Tax	15,735	17,229	18,797	1,568
Development Fees	-	51,992	51,992	-
Other Income	6,962	-	-	-
Net Investment Income	10,492	4,580	3,430	(1,150)
Total Revenues	<u>295,451</u>	<u>336,063</u>	<u>336,096</u>	<u>33</u>
EXPENDITURES				
Bond Interest - Series 2015A	172,200	86,100	86,100	-
Bond Interest - Series 2015B	60,760	-	-	-
Bond Interest - Series 2020	-	15,286	12,073	3,213
Bond Principal - Series 2015A	30,000	-	-	-
Bond Principal - Series 2015B	20,000	-	-	-
Bond Issue Costs	-	226,498	214,150	12,348
Repay Developer Advance	-	472,864	472,864	-
Paying Agent/Trustee Fees	5,500	5,500	8,000	(2,500)
County Treasurer's Fee	5,245	5,245	5,238	7
Contingency	9,295	379,657	-	379,657
Total Expenditures	<u>303,000</u>	<u>1,191,150</u>	<u>798,425</u>	<u>392,725</u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(7,549)	(855,087)	(462,329)	392,758
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Bond Proceeds	-	4,823,446	3,835,000	(988,446)
Bond Premium	-	-	300,395	300,395
Refunding Escrow Payment	-	(4,225,075)	(3,932,306)	292,769
Transfers from Other Funds	-	1,183,775	811,424	(372,351)
Transfers to Other Funds	-	(1,183,775)	(811,424)	372,351
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>598,371</u>	<u>203,089</u>	<u>(395,282)</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(7,549)	(256,716)	(259,240)	(2,524)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	<u>547,514</u>	<u>558,716</u>	<u>558,716</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 539,965</u>	<u>\$ 302,000</u>	<u>\$ 299,476</u>	<u>\$ (2,524)</u>

OTHER INFORMATION

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Year Ended December 31,	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property Tax Levy	Mills Levied		Total Property Taxes		Percentage Collected to Levied
		General Fund	Debt Service	Levied	Collected	
2016	\$ 955,465	20.000	57.475	\$ 74,024	\$ 74,024	100.00 %
2017	2,926,563	24.000	57.475	238,442	238,031	99.83
2018	3,724,625	26.533	63.541	335,491	371,228	110.65
2019	3,792,246	26.533	63.541	341,583	341,583	100.00
2020	4,098,804	26.718	63.985	371,447	371,228	99.94

Estimated for the Year
Ending December 31,

2021	\$ 5,147,612	30.718	43.957	\$ 384,398		
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NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes assessed in prior years, as well as reductions for property tax refunds or abatements. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of assessment.

**THOMPSON CROSSING METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 6
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY
DECEMBER 31, 2020**

	\$3,835,000		
	General Obligation Limited Tax Convertible to Unlimited Tax Refunding and Improvement Bonds Series 2020 Dated November 6, 2020 Interest Rate of 3.00-5.00% Payable June 1 and December 1		
Bonds and Interest Maturing in the Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	\$ 60,000	\$ 173,850	\$ 233,850
2022	75,000	172,050	247,050
2023	75,000	169,800	244,800
2024	85,000	167,550	252,550
2025	85,000	165,000	250,000
2026	95,000	162,450	257,450
2027	95,000	159,600	254,600
2028	105,000	156,750	261,750
2029	105,000	153,600	258,600
2030	115,000	150,450	265,450
2031	120,000	147,000	267,000
2032	130,000	141,000	271,000
2033	135,000	134,500	269,500
2034	150,000	127,750	277,750
2035	155,000	120,250	275,250
2036	170,000	112,500	282,500
2037	175,000	104,000	279,000
2038	190,000	95,250	285,250
2039	200,000	85,750	285,750
2040	215,000	75,750	290,750
2041	225,000	65,000	290,000
2042	245,000	53,750	298,750
2043	255,000	41,500	296,500
2044	575,000	28,750	603,750
Total	\$ 3,835,000	\$ 2,963,850	\$ 6,798,850